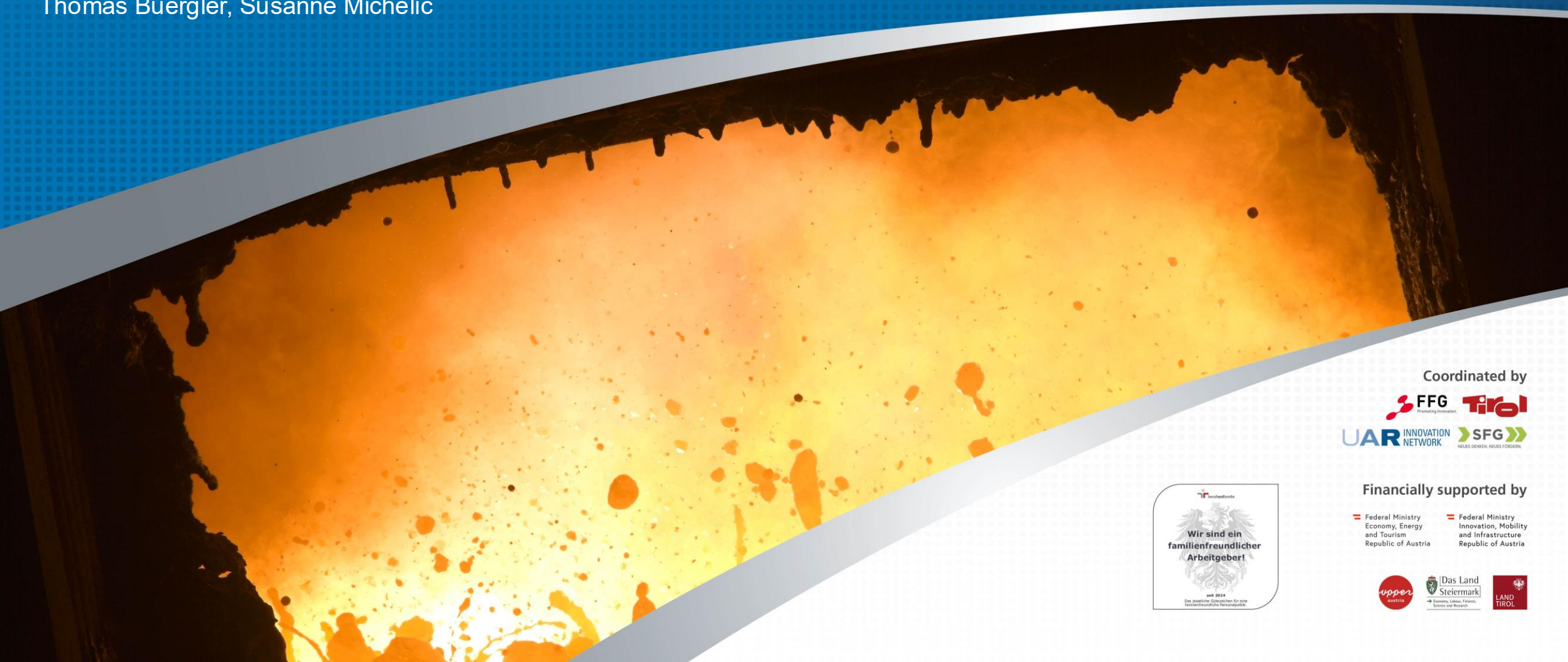


K1-MET Overview

SusMet4Planet (2023 – 2027)

Linz, 1 July 2023

Thomas Buergler, Susanne Michelic



Coordinated by



Financially supported by



K1-MET at a glance

international metallurgical research competence center



- focus on ferrous and nonferrous metallurgy
- founded in July 2015 as a limited liability company
- 84 employees (as of 1 July 2023)
- partially funded by an Austrian competence center programme
- annual revenue of 10 million €
- 100 projects and associated partners from industry and science
- 28 Company Partners
- 13 Scientific Partners

Current research programme 2023 – 2027



K1-MET

and some partner locations

LEOBEN
Technical University of
Leoben (Branch office)



WELS
University of Applied
Sciences Upper Austria



GRAZ
Graz University
of Technology



LINZ
Primetals Technologies
Austria GmbH



LINZ
K1-MET GmbH
(Headquarter)



LINZ
voestalpine Stahl GmbH



VIENNA
Vienna University
of Technology

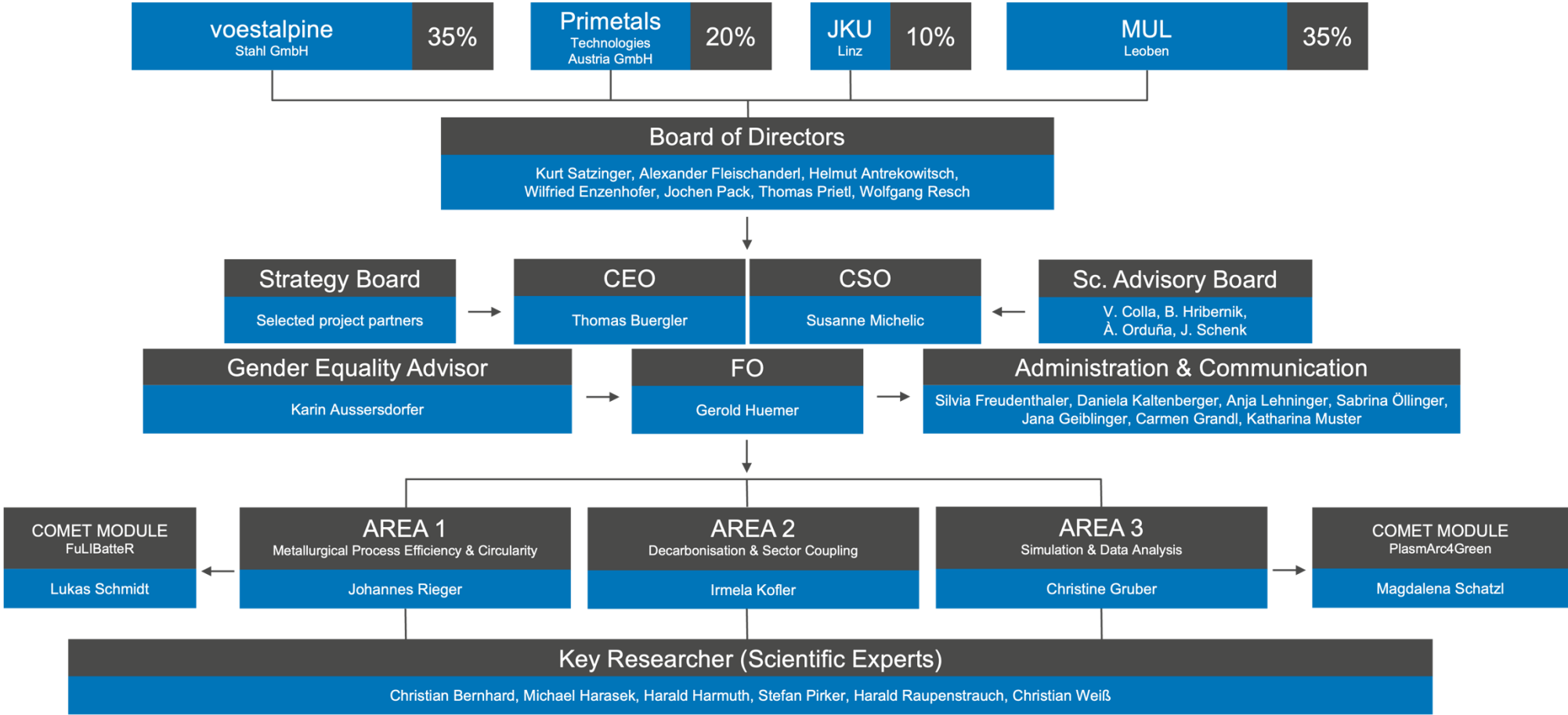


LINZ
Johannes Kepler
University Linz



Organizational structure

of K1-MET GmbH

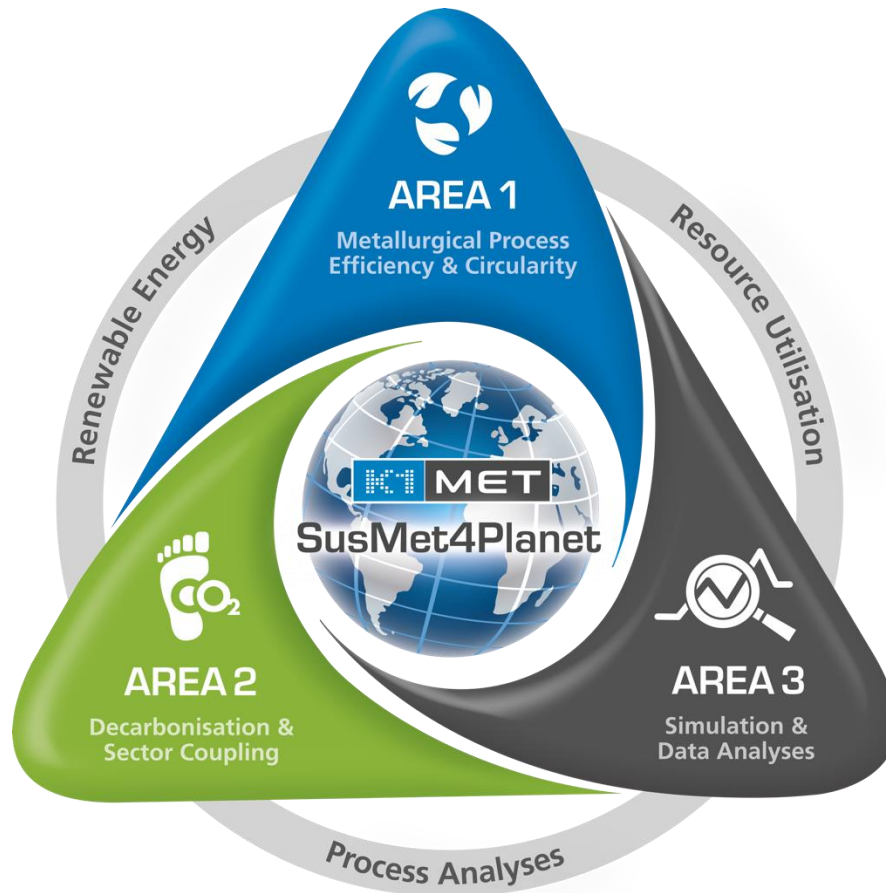


Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

Contribution of K1-MET towards a sustainable economy & society

- K1-MET is in accordance with the SDGs
- SDGs related to environmental (climate) impact
 - Energy efficiency and clean energy technologies – SDG 7
 - Increase resource efficiency in metallurgical processes – SDGs 8 & 9
 - Enhance utilization and recycling of metallurgical residues – SDG 12
 - Reduce CO₂ emissions – SDG 13
- SDGs related to human resources
 - Gender equality – SDG 5
 - Female employees in all organizational levels and uniform salary scheme
 - Current female share of K1-MET staff: 40 %
- Decent work and economic growth – SDG 8
 - 80 full time equivalents (full configuration)
 - 18 PhD Researchers planned (20 in total)
 - 10 Master students planned (40 in total)





“Sustainable digitalized Metallurgy for a climate neutral and resource efficient Planet”

K1-MET addresses the challenges of the metallurgical industry in staying competitive and reaching climate neutrality

Area 1: Metallurgical Process Efficiency & Circularity

Enhancement of process efficiency and product quality through analytics and treatment of raw and secondary materials

Area 2: Decarbonisation & Sector Coupling

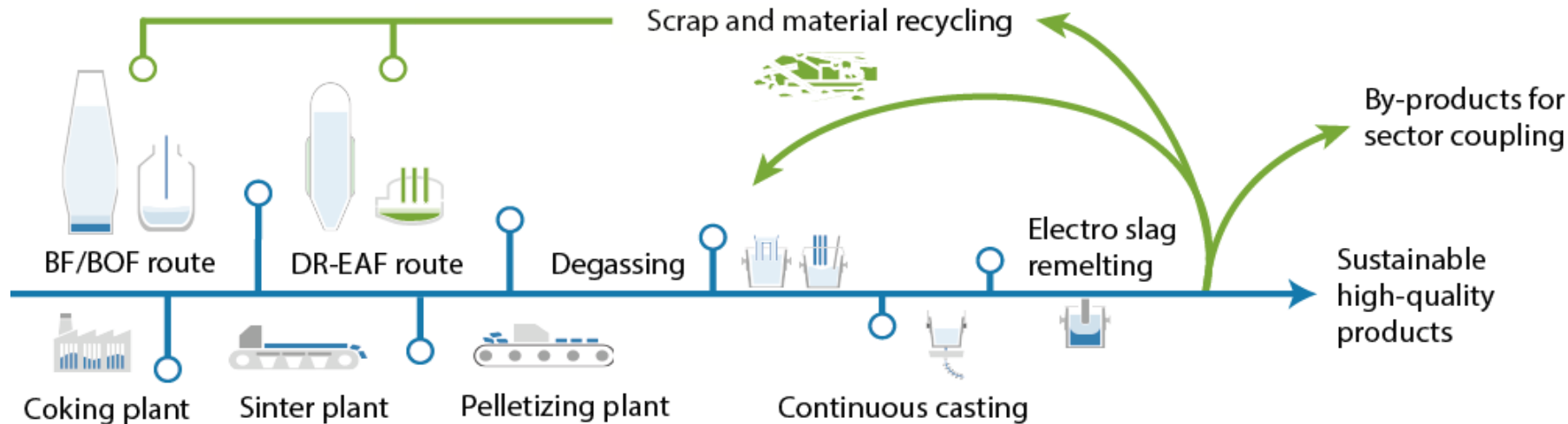
Solutions for climate neutral metallurgy and CO₂ as a source for the carbon cycle

Area 3: Simulation & Data Analyses

Application of modelling approaches to new and existing metallurgical processes and data analysis for an increase of process efficiency

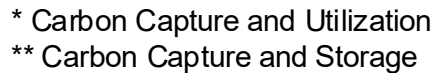
- cross-sectorial consortium of 42 excellent national and international company and scientific partners from all over the world
- contribution to sustainability, efficient processes and climate neutrality for all energy intensive industry sectors, supported with increasing digitalization and superior product qualities
- Objectives:
 - Strategic goal 1: Increase process efficiency and strengthen circularity in metallurgy
 - Strategic goal 2: Push forward the decarbonisation of the metallurgical industry and sector coupling
 - Strategic goal 3: Generate and use of metallurgical process knowledge through digital technologies

- Enhancement of resource and process efficiency for ferrous and nonferrous metal production/refining



- Advanced analytics of raw and recycled materials
- Sustainable sinter and low-emission BF-process
- Resource efficient copper refining process
- Sustainable continuous casting process
- Inclusion removal and steel cleanliness
- Sustainable processing of solid residue streams
- Valorisation of steelmaking slags
- Insights into metallurgical processes (experiments and thermodynamics)

- Continuous H₂ Plasma Smelting Reduction (HPSR) process development
- Domestic ore for green steel
- Carbonisation
- Energy efficient CCU process
- Green smart furnaces
- Smelter development for net zero-carbon steelmaking
- Flowsheet modelling for CO₂ reduction
- Alternative iron and carbon sources

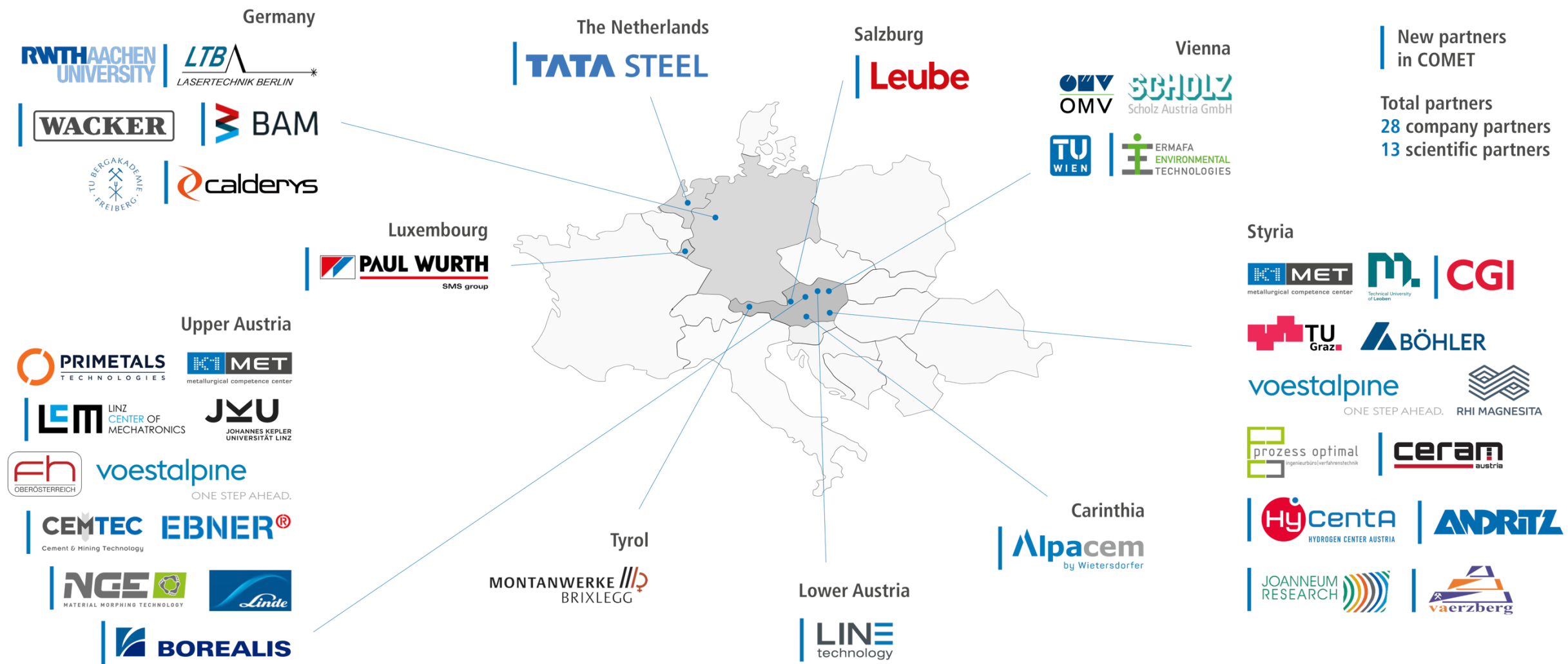


- Application and implementation of insights for process optimization in metallurgical processes:
 - Development of simulations and simulation methodology and application to steelmaking
 - Extended process data analyses (big data and machine learning)
 - Connection to domain knowledge for industrial process optimization
- Multiphase fluid modelling and simulation
- Multi-scale and reactive granular flows
- Advancement of simulation acceleration for process applications
- Hybrid modelling



Partners and locations of the COMET programme

Austria and Central Europe



Partners and locations of the COMET programme

Northern Europe and South America



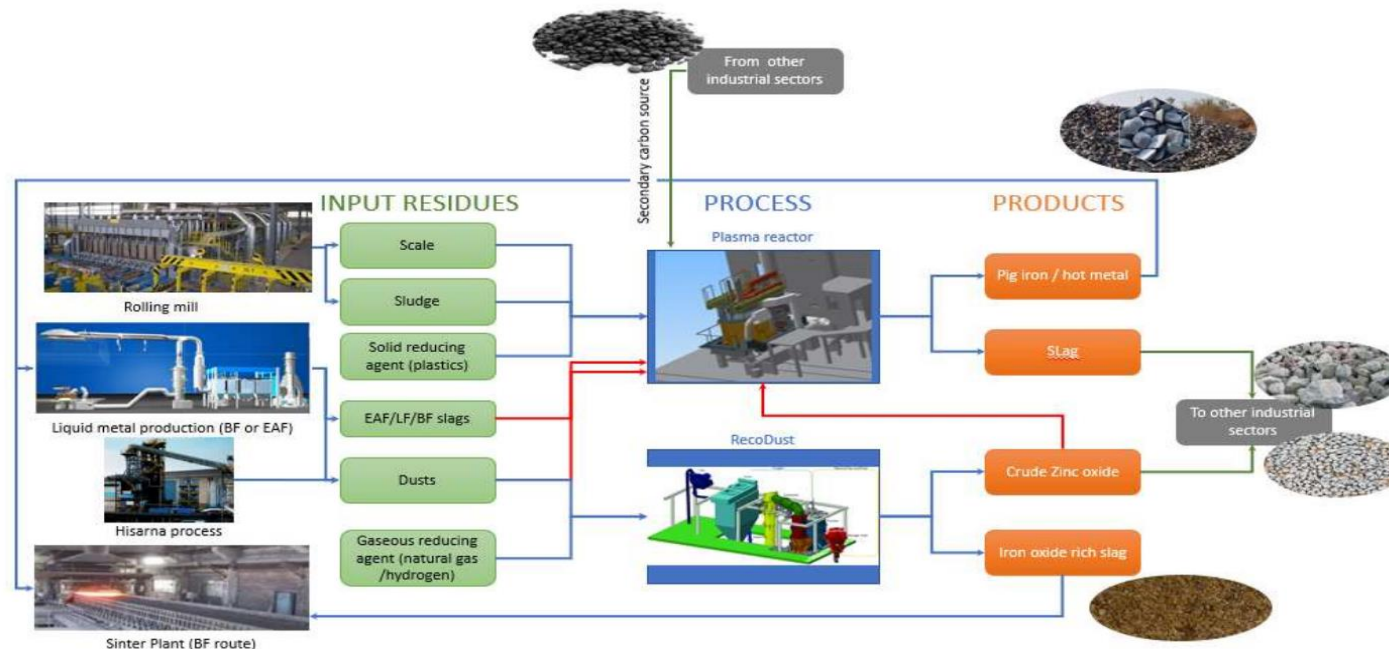
Partners of K1-MET and locations

Cooperations around the World

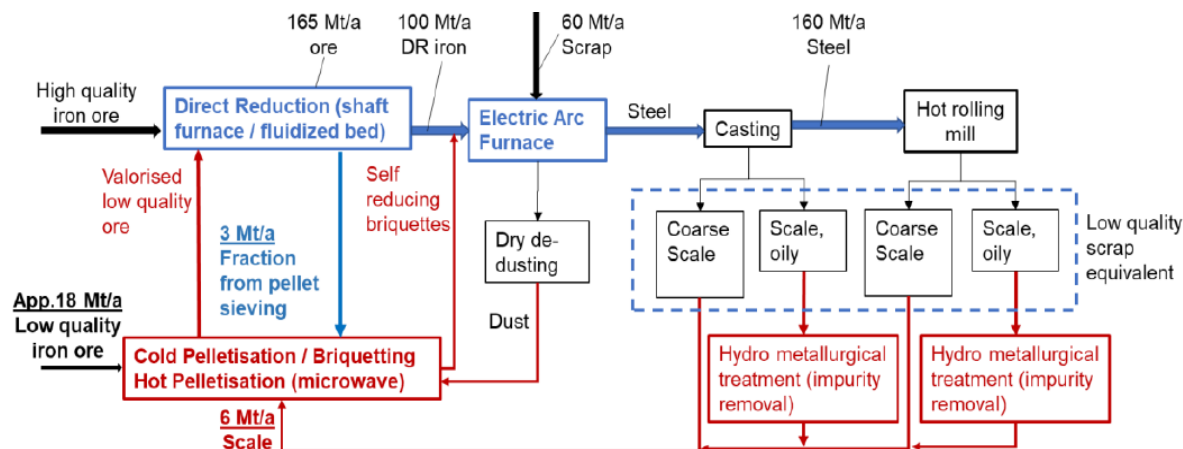


232
PARTNERS

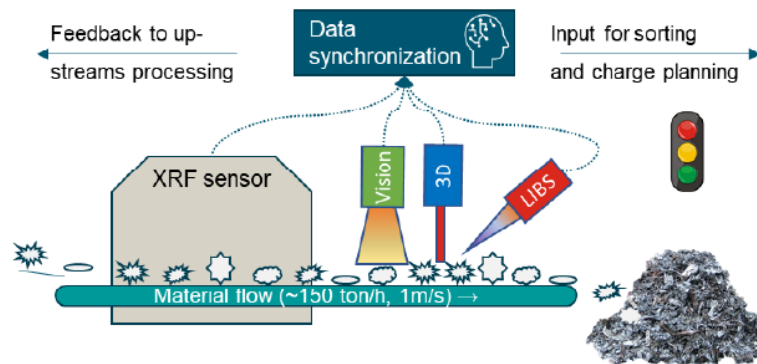
- “Recovering metals and mineral fraction from steelmaking residues”
- Demonstrate and qualify a complete system for the recovery and the valorization of the metal and mineral fractions contained in steel making processing residues
- **Project consortium:** Tenaris, Tenova, RINA-CSM, ESTEP, FEhS, thyssenkrupp Steel Europe, Tata Steel, Celsa, voestalpine Stahl, K1-MET



- „Upgrading of low-quality iron ores and mill scale with low carbon technologies”
- Concepts for the use of low-quality iron ore and mill scale
- New/alternative treatment technologies and material use decision support tool based on Life Cycle Assessment for low-grade ores and residues (see Figure below, parts being in the focus of the project marked in red)
- Project consortium:** Luxemburg Institute of Technology, BFI, Celsa, University of Valencia, Inceinnmat, Dillinger Huettnerwerke, Instituto de Soldadura e Qualidade (ISQ), ESTEP, Advanced Management Solutions, Lukasiewicz Research Institute, CSIC, K1-MET



- „Purity improvement from scrap metal”
- Increase the purity of shredded old scrap through a coupled optical and spectroscopic analyses at the scrap yard and use of artificial intelligence for optimized data synchronization
- Demonstrate the suitability regarding the use of the sorted old scrap to produce standard quality steel grades
- **Project consortium:** SWERIM, SSAB, Redwave, SSSA, Danieli, Lulea University, Spectral Industries, TU Dortmund, voestalpine Stahl Donawitz, Stena Recycling, ESTEP, K1-MET



RFCS Project InSGeP

Investigations of Slags from Next Generation Steel Making Processes

The InSGeP project aims to understand the potential impact of next generation steel production on the resulting slag. Thus, their chemical, mineral, ecological and physical properties are analyzed and evaluated.



Partner

The consortium consists of 5 steel plants, 6 RTOs and 2 plant manufactures from Austria, Belgium, France, Germany, Italy and Spain.

Project Duration



The project has a duration of 48 months starting from 01 July 2023.

Project Activities



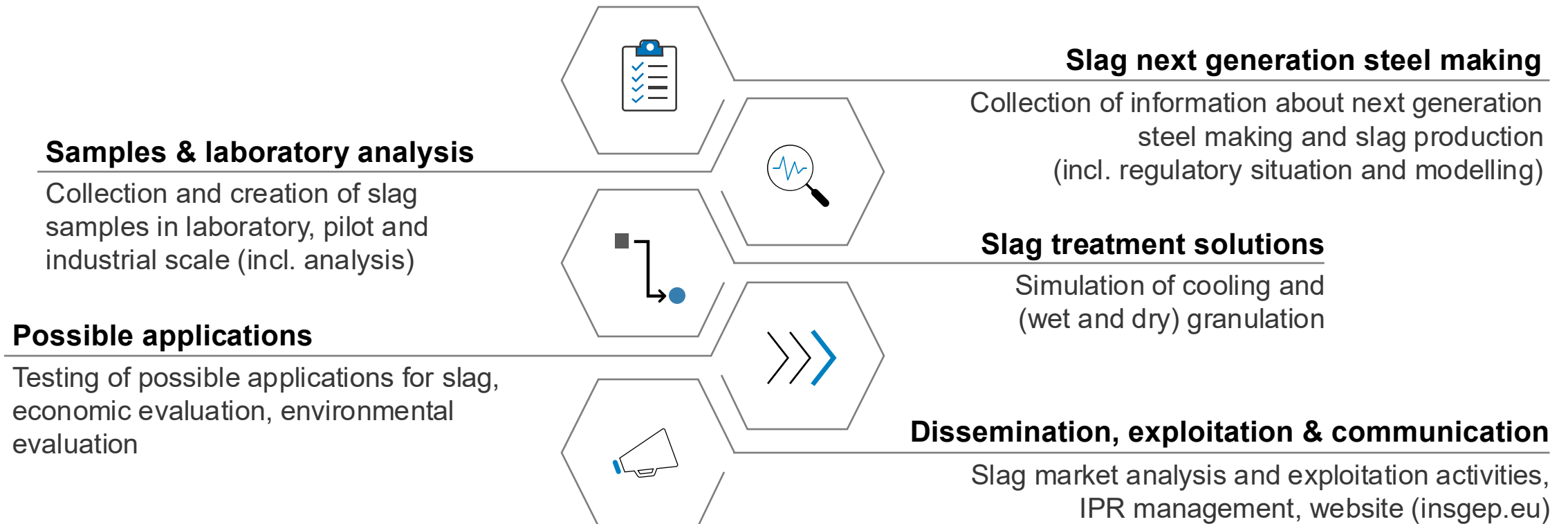
InSGeP involves 6 work packages, 23 tasks, 20 deliverables & 6 milestones.

Funding



The project receives funding of the European Commission from the Research Fund for Coal and Steel.





Hauptziele

- Phosphor durch biologische Laugung aus Klärschlammaschen herauslösen
- Ammoniumphosphatdünger herstellen
- Düngewirkung an Modellpflanzen testen



Partner

Das Konsortium besteht aus 4 wissenschaftlichen Partnern aus Österreich und Tschechien

Projektlaufzeit



36 Monate, laufend seit 01.05.2024

Förderung



Das Projekt wird aus Mitteln des EFRE gefördert (80% Förderquote)



K1-MET: Koordination, Laugungsexperimente und Herstellung des Phosphatdüngers



BOKU, Institut für Abfall- und Kreislaufwirtschaft, Wien:
Biolaugungsversuche, Bewertung des Prozesses



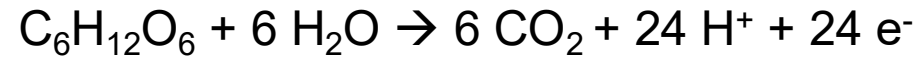
Masaryk Universität, Brunn:
Metallanalytik, Pflanzenversuche im Gewächshaus, Bodenuntersuchungen



Technische Universität Brunn
Herstellung verschiedener Klärschlammaschen im Technikum

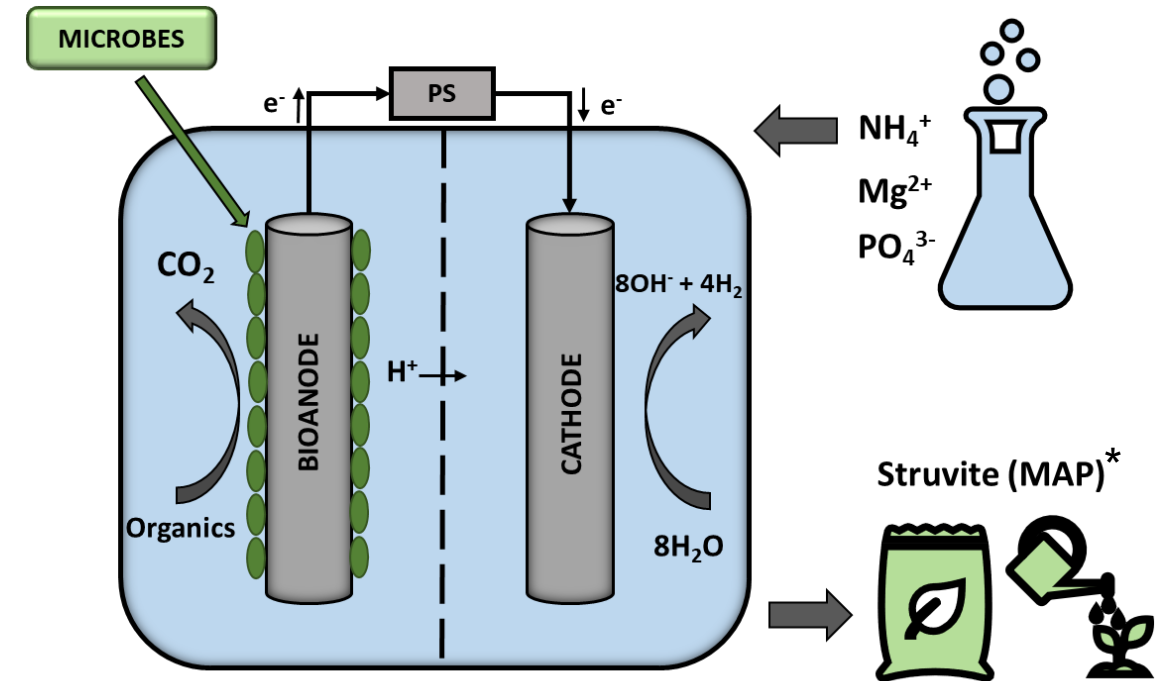
Bioanode

- Besiedelt von elektroaktiven Mikroorganismen
- Oxidieren organische Substanzen (z.B. Abwasser)
- Elektronen werden von Mikroorganismen an Anode abgegeben



Kathode

- Reduktion von Wasser, pH Anstieg
- Phosphorrückgewinnung als Struvit (Mg-Ammonium-Phosphat) durch Fällung mit Mg und N bei pH 8-10



* Magnesium-Ammonium-Phosphat



Future Lithium Ion Battery Recycling for Recovery of Critical Raw Materials

Module within the **COMET** – Competence Centers for Excellent Technologies Program focusing on:

-  Waste management and waste technological approaches for lithium-ion-battery (LIB) recycling
-  Pyrometallurgical processing of LIBs and black matter
-  Bio-hydrometallurgical treatment of LIB residues

Project Period: 01/07/2022 – 30/06/2026

Financially supported by:

 Federal Ministry
Economy, Energy
and Tourism
Republic of Austria

 Federal Ministry
Innovation, Mobility
and Infrastructure
Republic of Austria



Coordinated by:



Company partners:



Scientific partners:



COMET Modul FuLiBatter

Future Lithium-Ion Battery Recycling for Recovery of Critical Raw Materials



Module Consortium



B·R·A·I·N

EBNER®



RHI MAGNESITA

Saubermacher



voestalpine

VTU



Technical University
of Leoben



acib



Coventry
University

Funding



FFG
Forschung wirkt.

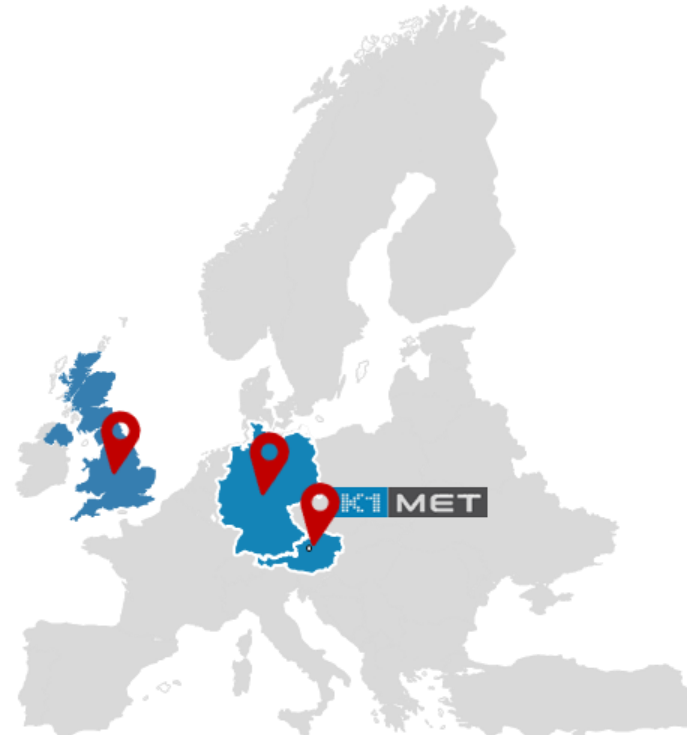
Federal Ministry
Economy, Energy
and Tourism
Republic of Austria

Federal Ministry
Innovation, Mobility
and Infrastructure
Republic of Austria



UAR INNOVATION
NETWORK

SFG
NEUES DENKEN. NEUES FÖRDERN.

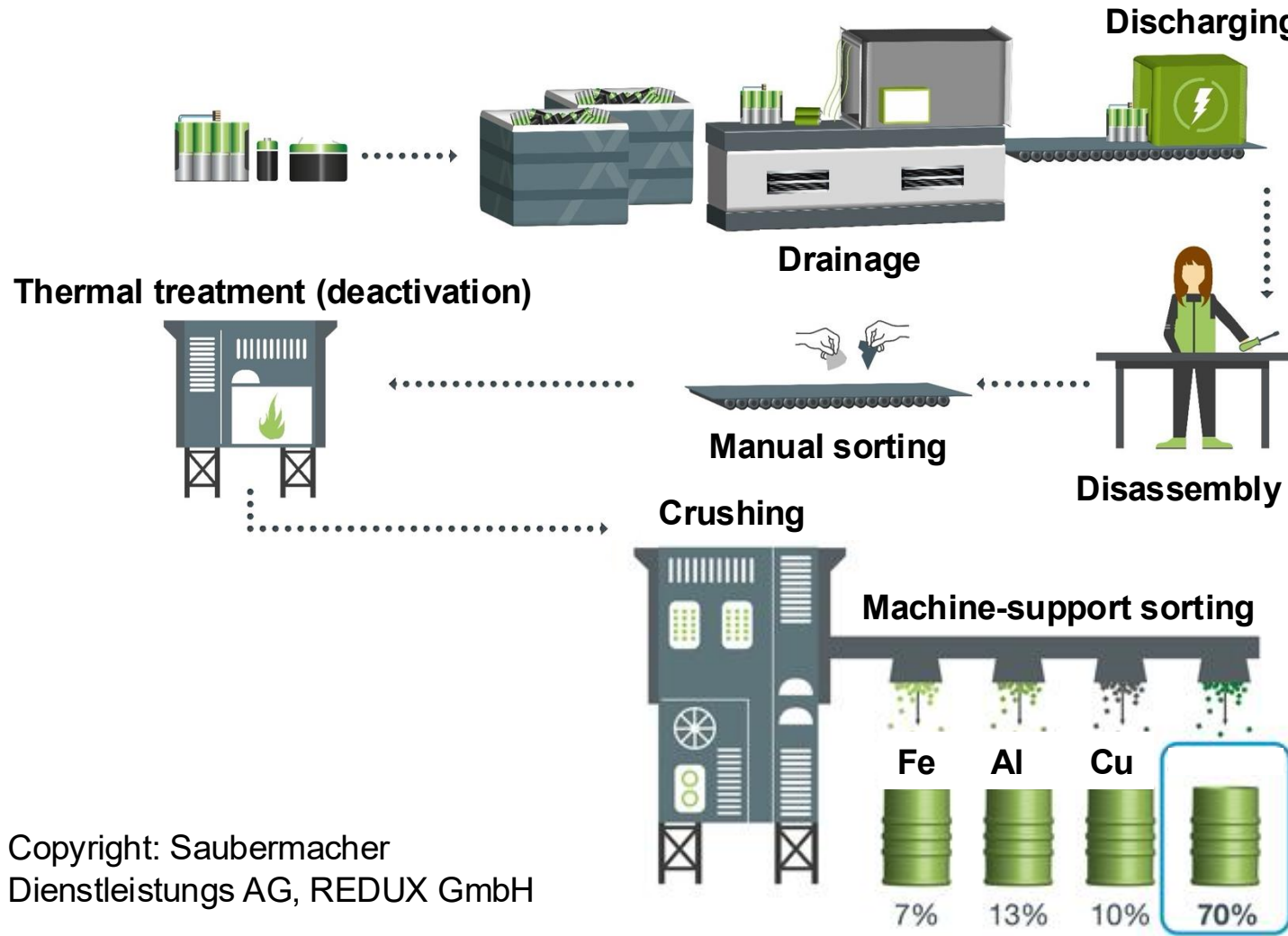


Batteries as a source for secondary alloys

Austrian funded project „FuLiBatteR“



Future Lithium Ion Battery recycling to recover critical raw materials



Federal Ministry
Economy, Energy
and Tourism
Republic of Austria

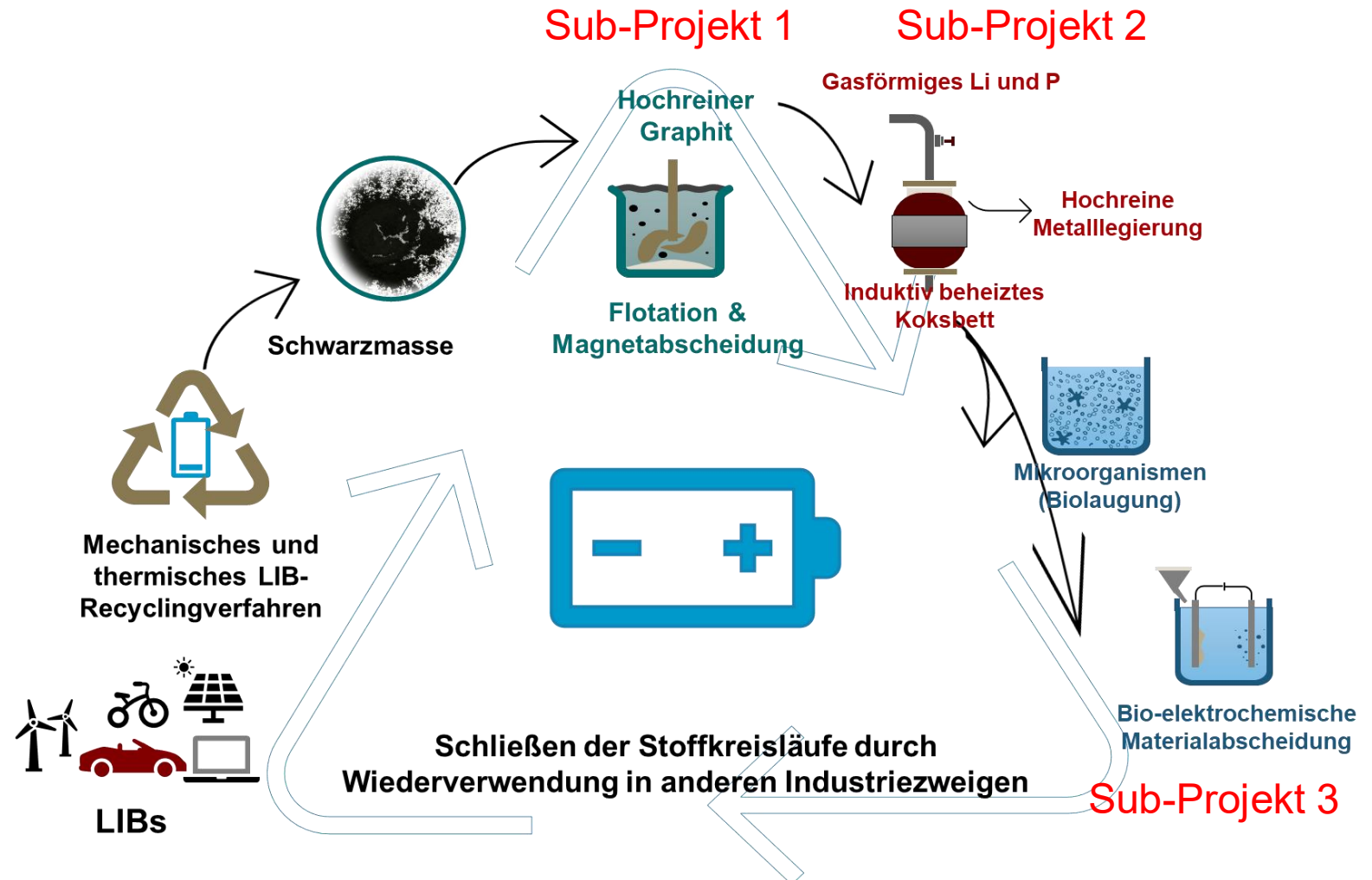
Federal Ministry
Innovation, Mobility
and Infrastructure
Republic of Austria

- Austrian funded project (3.8 M€, 2022-2026)
- Fundamental project to **selectively recover (critical) raw materials** Li, Cu, Ni, Co, P, C from the active material
- **Different approaches**
 - Physical separation (flotation)
 - Pyrometallurgical treatment
 - Bioleaching and electrochemical metal separation



Active material
(= starting point)

- Feinkörniges **Aktivmaterial (Schwarzmasse)** nach dem thermisch-mechanischen Batterierecyclingprozess als Startpunkt
 - Macht rund 70% des Batteriegewichts aus und enthält bis zu 40 Gew.-% Graphit sowie Li, Co, Mn und P
 - Derzeit noch keine Verfahren zur (möglichst) **selektiven Rückgewinnung von Wertstoffen**



Zero emissions through sector coupling

Industrial symbiosis



Type:	Flagship project
Costs:	16.7 M€
Funding:	7.6 M€
Funding Agency:	Climate and Energy funds
Duration:	10/2023 - 09/2027 (4 years)



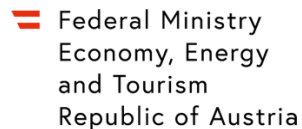
Project Goals

- Cost-optimized **green hydrogen** production to **balance the electricity grid**
- Demonstration of **CO₂-capture and utilization (CCU)** process chains at TRL=7 to close the **CO₂-cycle**
- Accelerate **technology transfer** into practice
- Identify **synergies** between **energy intensive** industries
- **Techno-economic** analysis



SIMULATION, MODELLING AND MONITORING OF PLASMA AND ARC BASED PROCESSES FOR GREEN METAL PRODUCTION

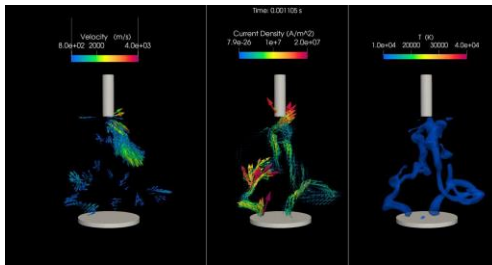
Project Budget:	3 750 000 €
Funding:	3 000 000 €
Module Duration:	01 July 2024 – 30 June 2028
Funded by:	BMK, BMAW as well as federal provinces of Upper Austria, Styria and Tyrol



COMET Module – PlasmArc4Green

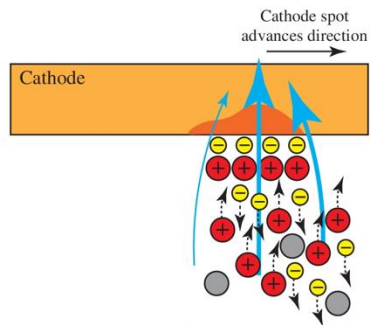
Plasma modelling and experimental validation

- Project 1 – Bulk Plasma Properties and Dynamics



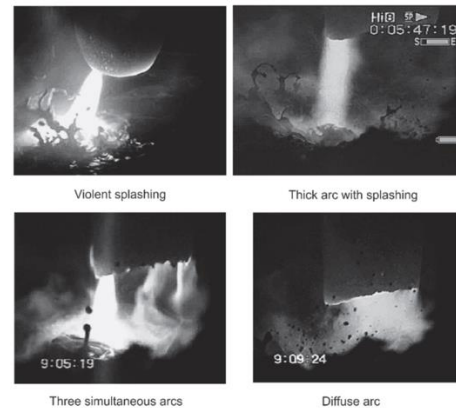
[Reference: A. Kharicha]

- Project 2 – Plasma-solid interaction

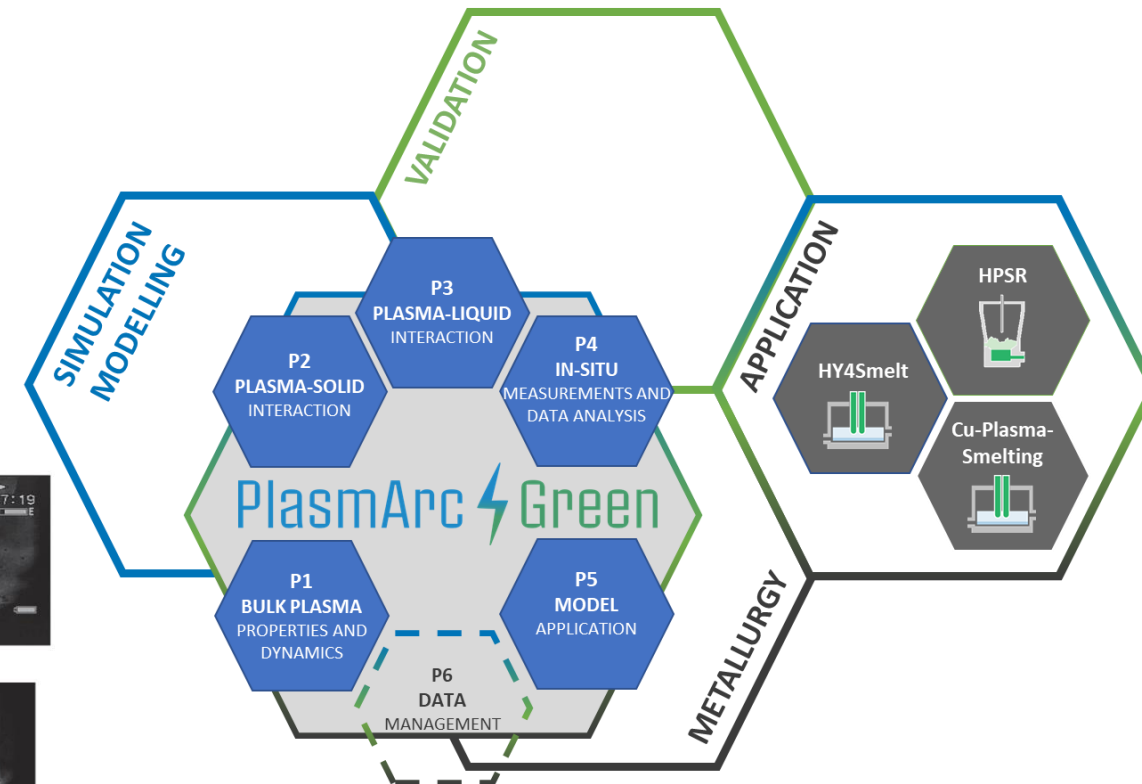


[Z. Ren et al, 2022]

- Project 3 – Plasma-liquid interaction



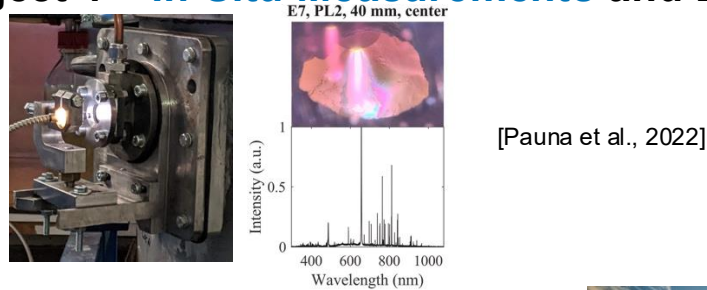
[Jones et al.,
Minerals Engineering, 2002]



COMET Module – PlasmArc4Green

Plasma modelling and experimental validation

■ Project 4 – In-Situ Measurements and Data Analysis



■ Project 5 – Model Application

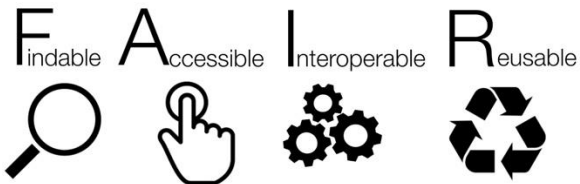


© Michael Zarl, K1-MET

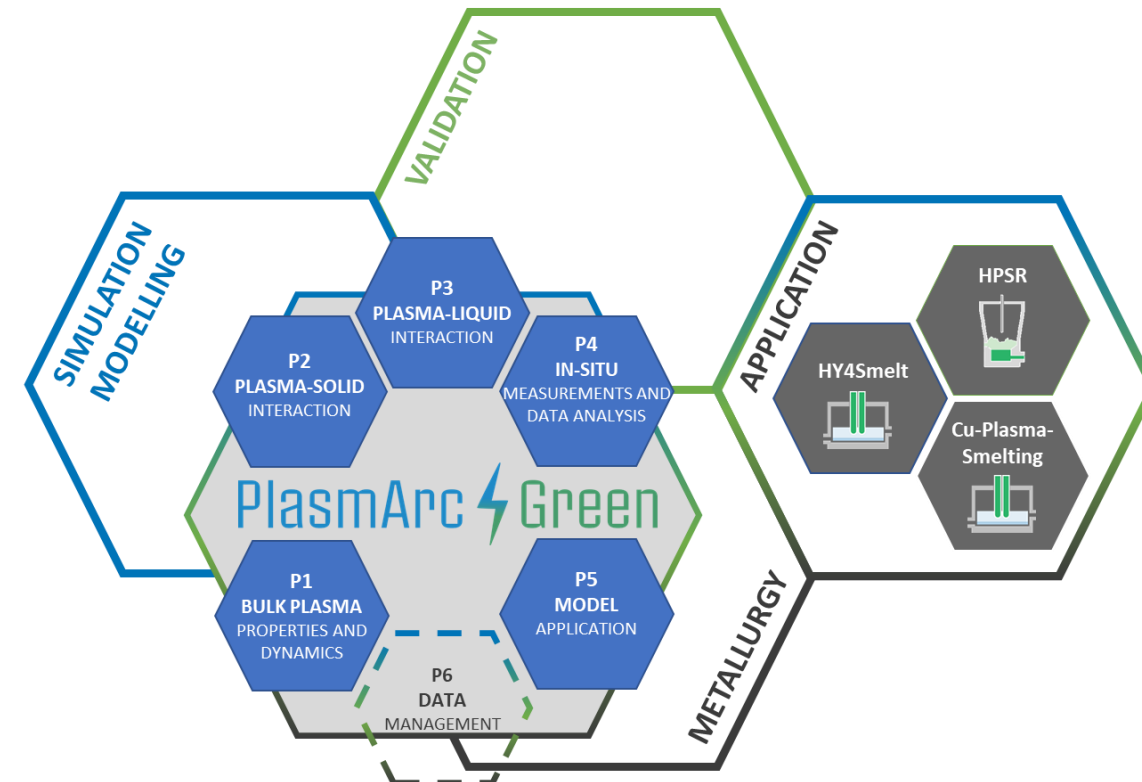


Reference: voestalpine

■ Project 6 – Data Management



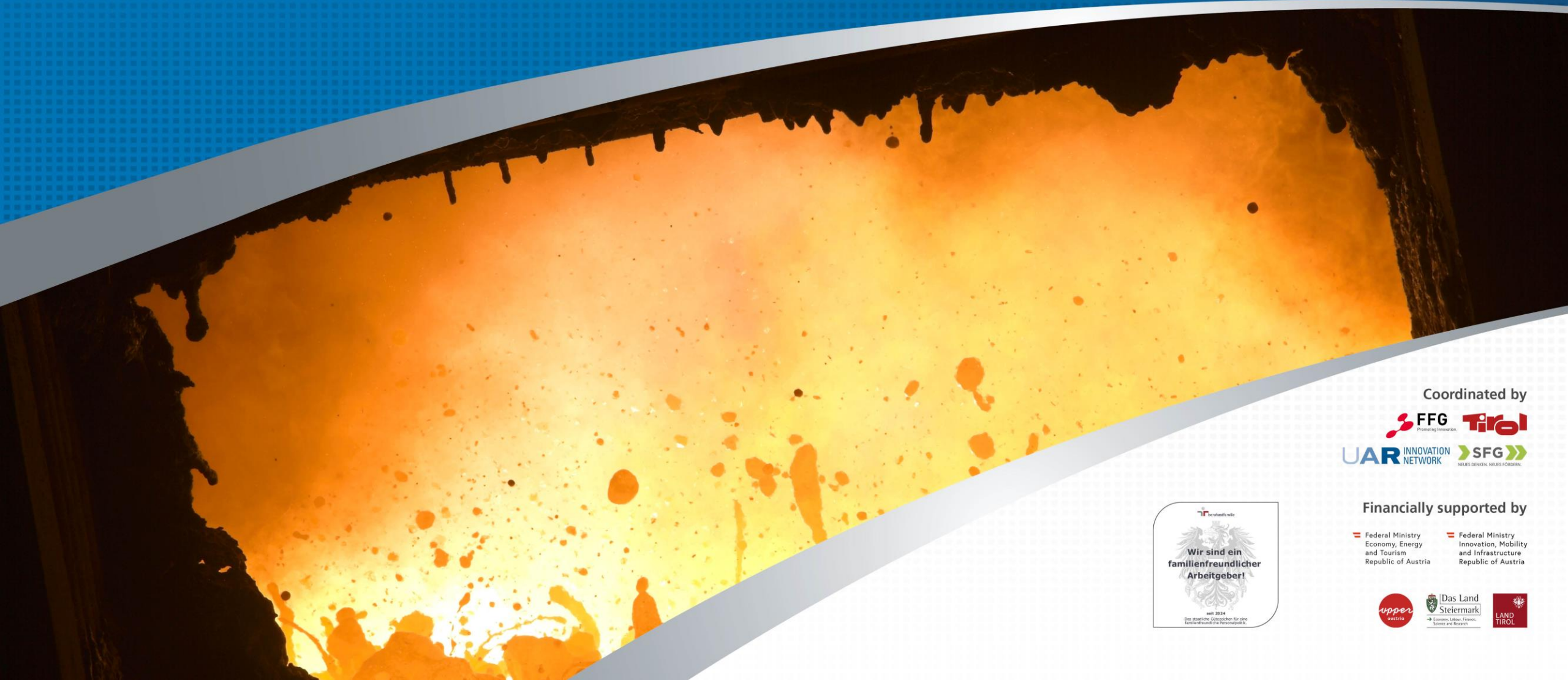
[Sangya Pundir / CC BY-SA
(<https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-sa/4.0>)]



K1-MET Overview

Linz, 1 July 2023

Thomas Buergler, Susanne Michelic



Coordinated by



Financially supported by

